

A Study on the Possibility of Jeju Mythology as World Mythology

- Focusing on the Atlantis Myth

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I. Introduction - Jeju Island's Policy Support for Jeju Mythology



To confront 'Jeongyeomgwi,' the evil spirit that attacks the mystical island of Jeju, 'Ban'—who has endured thousands of years—along with 'Miho,' who stands at the center of destiny, and 'Yohan,' the world's greatest and youngest exorcist priest, set out to find a



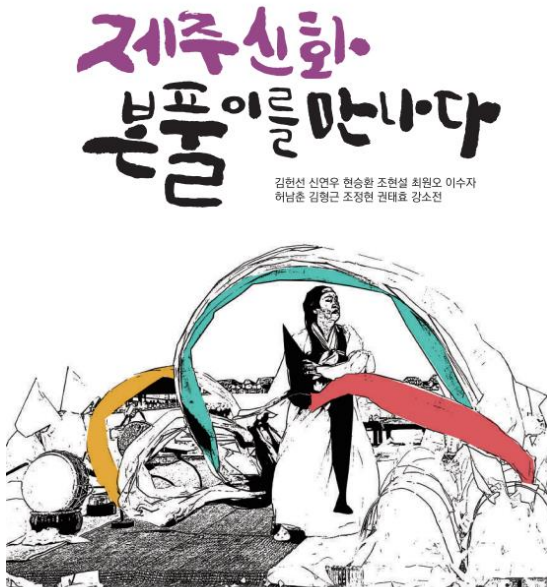
A 22-year undertaking. An area of no less than 970,000 m² (about 300,000 pyeong). Total project cost of 185.5 billion won (90.5 billion won in national funds, 95 billion won in local funds). It is no exaggeration to say that the entire Jeju Stone



which broke Jeju's record for the largest foreign investment attracted (US\$1.5 billion, about 1.7 trillion won)

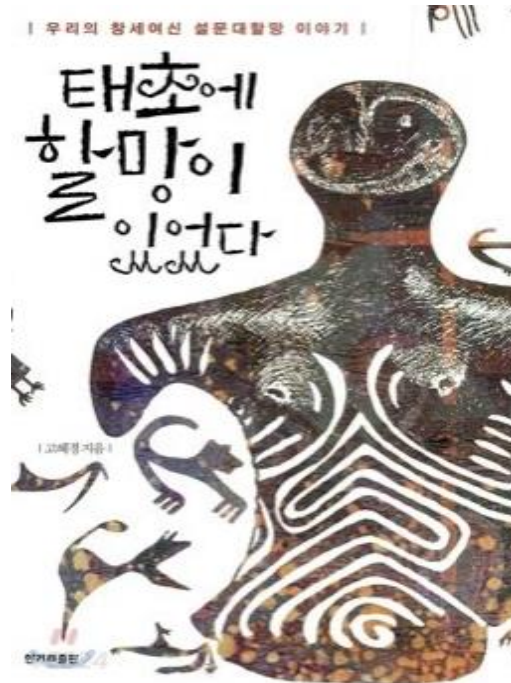
View of Jeju Shinhwa World

I. Introduction - The Global Significance of Jeju Mythology



The framework of Jeju's creation myth shares common features with the myths of the Bible and the Popol Vuh.

Shin Yeon-woo, Professor,
Department of Creative Writing,
Seoul National University of
Science and Technology



Noted that the Seolmundae Halmang myth, the representative Jeju myth, is a great female mythological archetype rarely found in the world

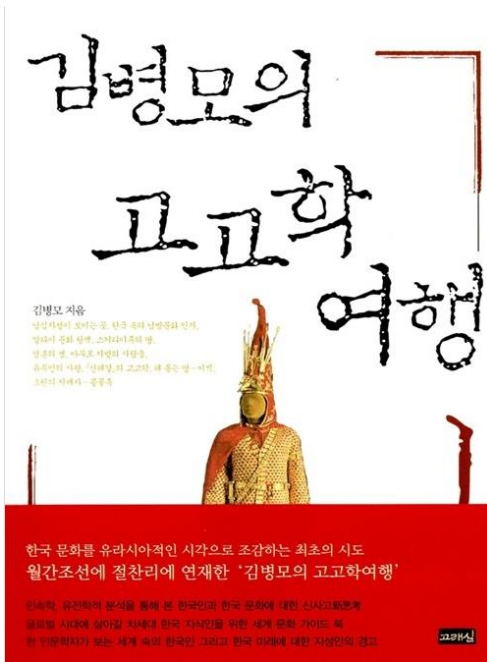
Ko Hye-kyung, Director, Academy
of Myth and Dream



Reborn anew by adding the author's imagination to the Chasa Bonpuri and Cheonjiwang Bonpuri

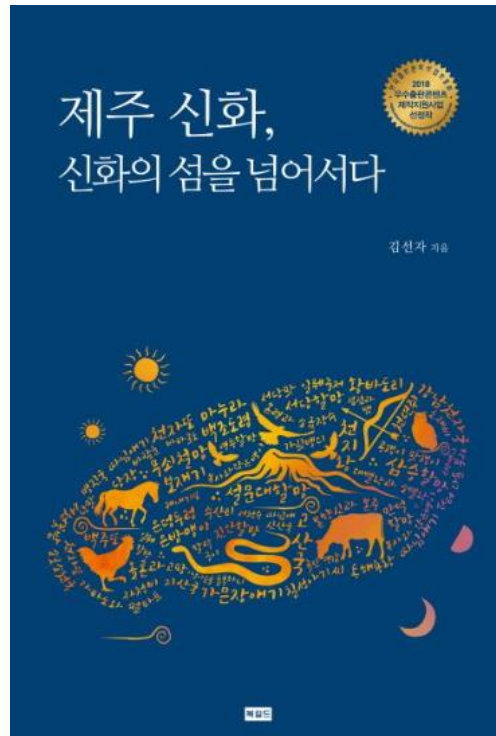
Joo Ho-min, original author of
Along with the Gods

I. Introduction - Research Prior to Sundaland

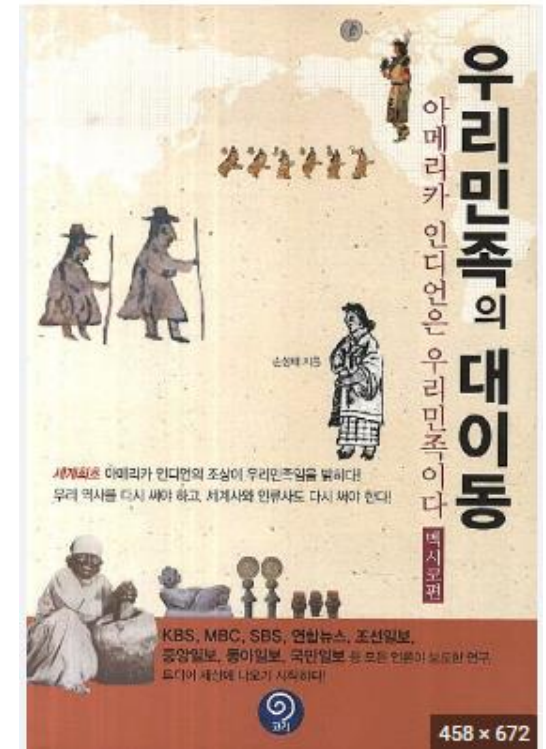


The Dol Hareubang originates from the stone statues of the Besakih Temple on the island of Bali, Indonesia.

'Peru (Inca civilization) → Moai statues of Easter Island → Bali Island, Indonesia (Besakih Temple stone statues) → the Philippines → Jeju Island's Dol Hareubang.'



Jeju was originally a land where the mythological elements of continent and ocean met, and so, from a mythological-historical perspective, Jeju mythology is a 'hybrid,' and it becomes the point of contact where Jeju mythology moves beyond the 'island' of Jeju to meet the world.



It was found that the ancient Native American language 'Nahuatl' and the 'archaic' Korean language coincide in word order, pronunciation, and structural and morphological aspects of sentences."

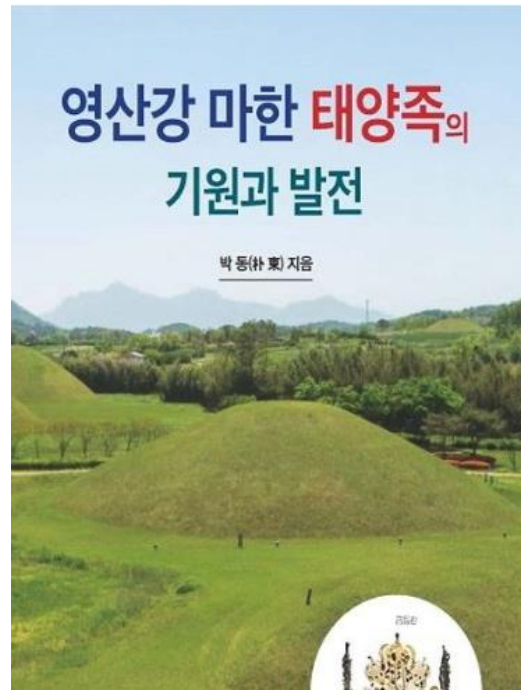
Son Seong-tae, Professor, Paichai University

I. Introduction - Research Prior to Sundaland

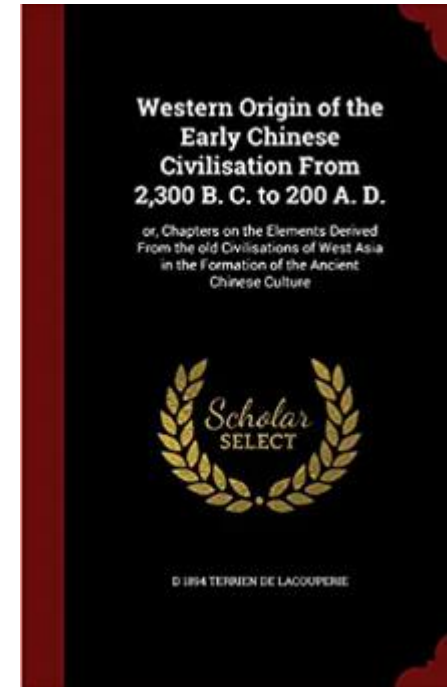


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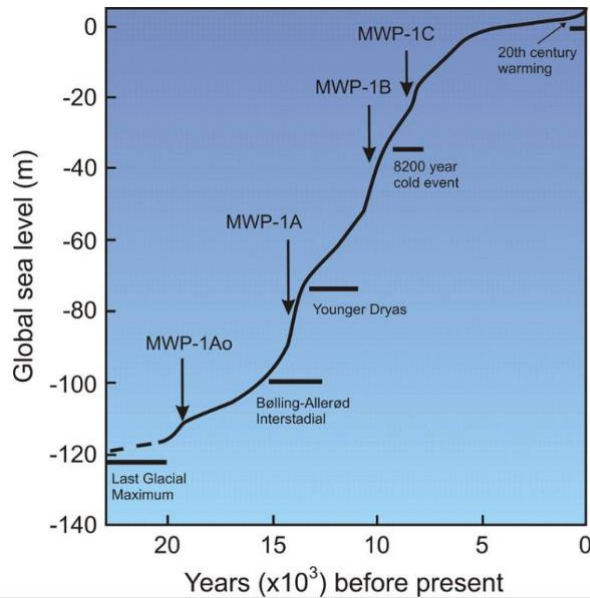
Western Origin of the Early Chinese Civilisation From 2,300 B. C. to 200 A. D.

Son Seong-tae, Professor, Paichai University,

I. Introduction - Sundaland



Dino Mozardien
Bandung, Indonesia



The name "Sundaland" was first proposed by van Bemmelen in 1949, followed by Katili (1975), Hamilton (1979), and Hutchison (1989), who defined the southern part of the region. Proposed to describe the continental core of Southeast Asia.

Dhani Irwanto, 2015

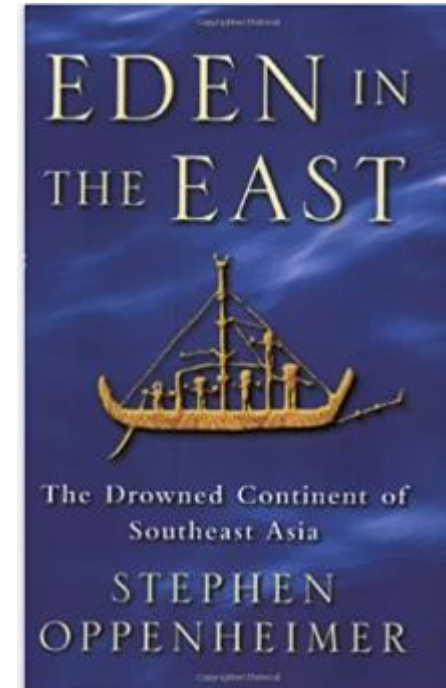
1. Introduction - Research since Sundaland



KBS Panorama – Korean Eve Part
2, The Secret Key: Sundaland /
KBS aired 2014.09.12



“A scientific civilization existed before the historical era... the ancient Egyptian and Mesopotamian civilizations originated from ‘Sundaland’ in Southeast Asia, and the South American highlands where the Sundaland people settled became the ‘home of the gods,’ the Garden of Eden.”



He stirred academic controversy by publishing 《Eden in the East》, a book concluding that the Garden of Eden lay in the Sunda Islands of Southeast Asia over 10,000 years ago.

Stephen Oppenheimer, Eden in the East